

Making the Best of Basics

FAMILY PREPAREDNESS HANDBOOK

Your Personal E/PAK

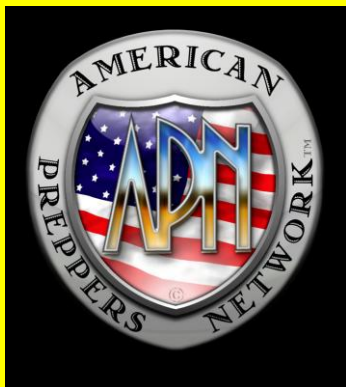
72-Hr. EMERGENCY/PREPAREDNESS ACTION KIT

How to Prepare A Kit for Emergency/Disaster Situations

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- Quickly
- Inexpensively

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by

James Talmage Stevens

Author of

Making the Best of Basics

Family Preparedness Handbook
(11th Edition)

And

Don't Get Caught

With Your Pantry Down!

*How to Find Preparedness Resources
for the Unexpected and Expected*



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ESTABLISHED: JANUARY 2009

YOUR PERSONAL & FAMILY *E/PAK*...

72-HR.+ EMERGENCY/PREPAREDNESS ACTION KIT

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YOUR PERSONAL *E/PAK*...

72-HR.+ EMERGENCY/PREPAREDNESS ACTION KIT

The 72-hour kit or *3-day survival pack* is based in military preparedness—soldiers carried survival supplies when involved in military operations to allow them to protect themselves, to provide the necessities to take care of their personal needs, and to complete their assigned mission. For the average citizen, it's a ready-to-use package containing food and water rations, supplies, and such other vital equipment for maintaining personal well-being—or, at least, staying alive when forced into extremely dangerous or uncontrollable circumstances.

The idea of individuals and families having survival kits is based on the firm—and confirmed—belief that natural disasters and personal emergencies is not a matter of whether they will happen, but when. Having a few basic categories of supplies and provisions on hand can mitigate that help-less feeling caused by emergencies. Being prepared reduces the panic associated with the occurrence of seemingly uncontrollable events.

In a complete readiness plan, one would have survival kits available for all possible situations:

- at home
- at work
- at play
- in the car / truck
- traveling by boat / bus / plane / train
- at school / college
- when on vacation / hotel / overnight
- other: _____

When designing or purchasing a survival kit, consider the level of preparedness you wish to achieve for yourself or your family. A most important aspect of a survival kit is that it be able to keep you alive *and* well when you are confronted with an emergency or survival situation. Use the information in this chapter to organize your own **Emergency Preparedness Action Kit (E/PAK)**, as we have nicknamed it—our version of the 72-hour kit. Or, you can purchase one that meets your needs. The listings at the end of this article identify some providers of ready-made kits you can buy off the shelf.

History is a better guide than good intentions.

Jeanne Kirkpatrick
Former US Ambassador to the UN

Notes

Preparedness is the state of *being prepared* or in put in proper condition of readiness *before* an approaching event—*something expected, even thought possible, or unexpected*; to put *things* or *one-self* in readiness.

Webster's Dictionary

MY MOTHER'S WISDOM

I learned about preparedness and survival kits from my mother. She was wisdom personified and always seemed to know what to do, no matter what the occasion! I truly regret it took me so long to realize it. As a fledgling Boy Scout—*less* than a Tenderfoot, actually—the troop was going on a long-awaited and unprecedented early spring camping trip. At last, I was going to be with the older boys whom I not only admired, but secretly revered. The last thing I wanted was to be embarrassed by being unprepared—*heaven forbid, imagine not being prepared at 12 years of age!*

When I asked Mother what to take on this extended outing, she replied in her soft-spoken manner, practically without a moment's hesitation, "*You need to wonder what could happen and be willing to pay the wages of wandering in the wilderness. Take some water, Wranglers, weenies, wipes, warm clothing, weather protection, a weapon, a wayfinder, and whatever, and keep a watchful eye...*"

I knew this was going to be "**W**" formula, no doubt! Let me elaborate on her method of guidance. She had taught me everything in the world operated on a formula. The only other "**W**" formula she had told me was, "*Working will win when wishing won't!*"

Evaluate these "**W**" formula preparedness pointers in relationship to your own emergency and disaster preparedness efforts.

Wonder: determine, by some serious thinking, what problems might occur in the field (or in my life), such as:

- To which wonders of Nature I'd be vulnerable,
- What some other creature—man or beast—might cause me harm, or
- Which personal problems I might suffer.

I think she wanted me to ponder what experiences I might not be able to control. She wanted me to plan for the worst, hope for the best, and be able to deal eventually with whatever happened.

Willing/Wages: meant that I must be willing to pay the price to make this trip—time, effort, and risk. From the available alternatives, was this most practical, prudent, and provident for me? I had to decide if it was the most "*bang for my buck*" at that moment—and about the longer-term consequences and implications. Even at that early age, I had already become aware of the consequences of being unprepared. Mother was indicating the price I would pay for not being prepared for the future eventualities in my life.

Wander: once departed from her presence, the security I had at home would be unavailable, and it would be as if I were wandering in the wilderness, all alone.

Water: "*Take water,*" she said. "*You can't live very long without drinking water—just a few hours without it and you're in deep trouble! Of course, that's not necessarily true of taking a bath in times of emergency. But it is one of those things a young boy can learn to do without, at least during a weekend or an emergency. You can live three days without water, but you get weaker every hour without it.*"

Wranglers: meant having appropriate clothing for the occasion, depending on the environment. In my youth, jeans (we could afford the name brand *Wranglers only* after the harvest was in the barn) were the working-class clothes in our ex-urban community—could be worn for man's work—and camping out, too. They were sturdy clothing, long-wearing, tough, and easily maintained. This admonition was also meant to include a regular change of underwear. (How embarrassing to be wearing dirty underwear in case you were taken to the hospital after a camping accident!)

Weenies: meant the need for nourishment. My mother knew my penchant for hot dogs and pork and beans. Her instruction to me was to take food that (1) I would eat even under the stress of being away from the well-spread table she always prepared; (2) is easily prepared in the boonies; and (3) I'd normally enjoy. (I would have preferred her homemade oyster stew—but that would have been totally impractical for the camping environment—as it would be for most emergency situations!)

We are capable of doing without a lot of things, even when we're stressed. However, having familiar food to eat when everything else is going badly gives us comfort far beyond the cost of the food. Food is such an important part of creating and maintaining a positive attitude, especially

Note the wide margins—make notes and use the space for your questions, ideas, and plans to make certain your future is as secure as possible.

when all else is falling apart, that it bears repeating: *don't take anyone else's opinion about your emergency food supply—store what you like to eat and you'll eat what you've stored—and you won't lose it!*

Notes

Wipes: intimated that if I ate during this camping trip, eventually the natural necessity for wipes would occur. Not to mention a runny nose from the overnight in the wilderness! Wipes were indeed essential then for any trip away from home—and still are! This was also meant to remind me about the need for good personal hygiene and grooming—a little soap and elbow grease to remove the dirt and smoke odor from my body and clothing. There is no greater comfort than being our best self—putting our best foot forward—handling whatever we encounter with panache and style.

Planning will assure you've considered your needs in case of an emergency, disaster, or life-threatening situations.

Warmth: how can anyone be prepared if the elements are ignored? Back then, the job of finding both small and effective means of keeping warm was more difficult. Today we have modern technology—so many new fabrics for clothing and camping gear, equipment, and supplies to help in this life-saving necessity. Of course, let us not forget the need for fire to prepare food, purify water, and provide warm water for bathing.

Weather protection: this was the need for adequate shelter from the unpredictable spring weather in North Carolina—a tent and some waterproof matches. For today's considerations it includes the provision of living space that precludes a family from suffering the effects of inclement weather—whether it's intemperate climate, moisture, or wind-driven forces.

Weapon: a brand-new Swiss knife attached to my belt for all to see—talk about proud! Nobody was going to mess with me and the complete arsenal at my fingertips. I was prepared for even a bear! Besides, it was a miracle-making tool just waiting to be unleashed, whether for opening a can of weenies, beans or soup, shaving a stick for fire tender, or carving an “X” on a tree to mark the trail (forgive me, tree-huggers—I was only 12 years old!)

Wayfinder: meant having the appropriate equipment, such as a wrist compass and a local area road map. At least, I could find my way back to the camp, home, or anywhere on that map, should I be the victim of a “snipe hunt” with the senior scouts. Make sure you have maps of local streets, as well as maps of your destination, if you must depart from your home.

Watchful eye: this part of the communication was a little bit trickier because it was somewhat more philosophic, but I know it meant being prepared for any emergency. I practiced until I was compass-trained and physically ready to take the fifty-mile hike. I was also required to learn all the first aid information, up to and including how to cut the “X” through the skin for subsequent snakebite treatment. Thank heaven that treatment has been superseded! Actually, upon reflection, I couldn't have cut the snake, much less cut an “X” on my own body!

Whatever: meant a category was for anything I wanted to take that wasn't in the proscribed categories listed above—like my genuine silver-plated *Duncan* yo-yo!...or the latest *Marvel* comic book... or jacks and marbles—whatever was important then for my comfort and pleasure under trying conditions!

Watchcare: meant caring about the others on the camping trip. This was a quality my mother had in bountiful supply—she really cared about others, constantly on the lookout for someone who needed a lift. Her “good neighbor” policy was in full force at all times. She practiced the true spirit of caring about those in her community.

So, my mother's instructions sent me scurrying enthusiastically throughout all three floors of the house, looking for the equipment I needed to impress the older Scouts in the troop. As the seemingly essential items were located, I placed all the pieces of equipment and little piles on my upper bunk, then called her for approval. At this point I learned how to choose what is essential, and how to focus on economy, efficiency, and personal well-being.

Mother regarded all the gear and paraphernalia I had assembled. I remember her saying quietly, “*Pep without purpose is piffle!*” She gently (well, not so gently that I soon forgot!) instructed me to sort all of my stuff into three piles. I was to place in the first pile the items I *couldn't* do without, a second pile for “stuff” I *thought* I might need, and a third pile for the things I'd *like* to take with me.

Notes

Take control of your life and you can turn unfavorable situations into manageable events.

After I had ordered my piles as instructed, mother looked at the three piles carefully and made a couple of corrections to my piles. She then told me to return the stuff heaped in the second and third piles to the drawers and closets—and to place in the camp bag *only* the items in the first pile. You know, even years later, mother's words were my guidance when I traveled more than a million miles as an international business traveler. What I eventually learned is that the quality of any trip is being able to travel without a great deal of non-elemental “*stuff*.”

SURVIVAL OR PREPAREDNESS KITS?

Responsibility for your family begins in your own home. You are ultimately responsible for protecting yourself, your family, and your property to the best of your capability. This entails planning and preparing your own resources to mitigate the effects of by preparing for, responding to, and eventually, recovering from **natural** and **people-caused** disasters that often become our **personal** disasters. Being prepared requires learning about potential disasters and emergencies, knowing first aid, CPR, and other life-saving skills.

Adaptability is critical to preparedness and self-reliance. A sense of independence is necessary, too. Unfortunately, self-reliance skills are not taught in the schools—they are learned at the hand of a tough and uncaring taskmaster! How well you respond to these disasters is determined by your level of preparation.

There are five basics you should stock in your home: (1) water, (2) food, (3) first aid supplies, including medication(s), (4) clothing and bedding, and (5) tools, emergency supplies, and special needs items. Keep the items you will most likely need during an evacuation in an easy-to-carry container such as a large, covered trash container, camping bag, backpack, or duffel bag. Keep a mini-version of the disaster supplies kit in the trunk of your car—and one for each vehicle your family utilizes.

Utilize all the knowledge you can gain to prepare for the disasters which could cause you and your family more than loss of your car, your property, or your crops. To become truly prepared, you must re-forge yourself, break out of the mold, study, learn, practice, and increasingly improve your self-reliance skills until you are comfortable with your new self. There is no easy way to become self-reliant—it requires work! To become self-reliant requires also meaningful efforts in self-education and often, some large measures of self-denial.

IT'S YOUR CHOICE—MINIMAL ...OR MORE?

There are different levels or factors of risk associated with the many different types of disasters. There are varying levels of preparation. So this is the best rule for becoming prepared:

Your preparation level should always exceed the risk level!

Go back to **Chart 1 – Potential Weather-Related Disasters by Listed** to see the listing of the *expected* weather-related disasters that could affect your particular geographic location.

There are three (3) types of actions from which you can choose to help you deal with these potentially disastrous weather-related conditions should you be victimized by them.

You alone make the choice from among these options:

1. **Survival**—requiring minimal investment or effort; survival mode places you in the control of happenstance and volunteers—or not!
2. **Preparedness** (at some level)—all levels of preparedness require serious effort and substantial investment of your time, personal energy, and money; and,
3. **Self-Reliance**—preparing at the highest level of your family's capability, learning, doing, and adapting your lifestyle; sharing and being a resource to your community.

STATE NATURAL DISASTERS VULNERABILITY CHART

Check your **Sate** listing in the chart below to ascertain the Natural Disasters types to which you might be vulnerable.

For additional local information, contact Homeland Security/FEMA, State Emergency, or County Disasters Management offices.

Chart 1

Potential Weather-Related Disasters by State (Courtesy: FEMA)

Notes

State	Types of Disasters												
	Earth-quake	Flood	Hail Storm	Hurricane	Land-slide	Mud Slide	Severe Storm	Tornado	Tsunami	Volcano	Wild Fire	Wind Storm	Winter storm
AL				X			X	X			X		X
AK	X	X			X		X		X		X		X
AZ		X					X	X			X		
AR	X	X		X			X	X			X		X
CA	X	X			X	X	X		X		X		X
CO	X	X			X	X	X	X			X		X
CT	X	X		X			X	X			X		X
DC		X										X	
DE		X		X			X				X		X
FL		X		X			X	X			X	X	
GA	X	X		X			X	X			X	X	
HI	X	X		X		X	X		X	X	X		
ID	X	X			X	X	X				X		X
IL	X	X					X	X			X		X
IN		X					X	X			X		X
IA		X	X				X	X			X	X	X
KS		X					X	X			X	X	
KY		X					X	X					
LA		X		X			X				X		X
ME	X	X		X		X	X				X	X	
MD		X		X			X	X			X	X	
MA	X	X		X				X			X	X	X
MI		X					X	X			X	X	X
MN		X	X				X	X			X	X	X
MO	X	X		X			X	X			X	X	
MS			X	X			X	X			X	X	X
MT	X	X			X			X			X	X	X
NE		X					X	X			X	X	X
NV	X	X			X	X	X				X		X
NH	X	X		X			X	X			X	X	X
NJ	X	X		X			X	X			X		X
NM		X					X				X		
NY	X	X		X	X		X				X		X
NC	X	X		X			X	X			X		X
ND		X					X	X			X		X
OH		X				X		X			X		X
OK	X	X					X	X			X		
OR	X	X			X	X	X				X		X
PA	X	X		X			X	X			X		X
RI	X	X		X							X		X
SC	X	X		X			X				X		
SD		X					X	X			X		X
TN		X					X						
TX		X		X			X	X			X		
UT	X	X			X		X				X		X
VT	X	X			X		X				X		X
VA	X	X		X		X	X	X			X		X
WA	X	X			X	X	X		X		X		X
WV	X	X		X		X	X				X		
WI		X					X	X			X		
WY		X				X	X				X		X

DESIGNING YOUR EMERGENCY/PREPAREDNESS ACTION KIT

On the following pages are detailed listings to help you personalize your own 72-hour kit—the **Emergency/Preparedness Action Kit (E/PAK)**.

Use the charts to determine what you have in inventory already for your family *E/PAK* and to define the needs for each member of the family—items, quantities, and selections of foods, foodstuffs, and equipment. Keep items for a family evacuation in easy-to-carry containers. You decide whether a large, covered trash container, camping backpack, footlocker, plastic chest, or duffel bag suits your needs best.

If you have the resources, keep an *E/PAK* in the trunk of your car. You may want one at your place of business, also. It's cheap insurance for saving your life—or the life of a family member, a friend, or a co-worker! Hopefully, most of us won't need the *E/PAK*, but being prepared for the eventuality is good to ease the mind. I hope the worst case for our individual *E/PAK* is to have in a central location all the things we'd need for "*hunkering down*" when a natural disaster, such as a wind, ice, or snowstorm, or a people-caused disaster causes a power outage.

“Bug-out” or Not?

Personally, I don't plan to “*bug-out!*” I don't have any other place I want to go, unless it's to an expensive hotel that has complete and luxurious facilities. With my 3-day kit in hand, I could even endure a public shelter! I just don't intend to leave my home and all the equipment unless a life-threatening disaster requires it. Having reviewed the potential natural, people-caused, and personal disasters that could possibly happen to me, the alternatives are clear to me as to what I would do in each case.

I've spent the weekend in a church recreation hall with several other families, during and in the aftermath of an ice storm. It wasn't too bad—the worst part was the lack of privacy and no heat. I've also spent a few days at my parents' house—kids and all—when the side of town where we lived had a power failure—and we had an all-electric home! I certainly don't intend to head for the unfamiliar hills, living in the wilderness fraught with unknown dangers, chasing wild animals with switches, fending off others in a similar plight, and trying to maintain an urban lifestyle.

However, the very thought of driving on the freeway or city streets during a disaster situation, competing for space with all those folks carrying handguns (even the ones with permits) and other weapons is just a little frightening to me. Whereas I can't defend the entire city, I could maintain my independence in my own home with adequate provisions.

My plans are to enjoy the disaster and appreciate the intervention in my normally extra-long workday to spend it with my wife, my dogs, and the peace and quiet the lack of electricity would bring.

Perhaps it would be a moment to pretend it's another vacation in the back hills of the Appalachians...

Choose and act accordingly! *Carpe diem because tempus fugit!*

Notes

Category 4—Personal Care Items List				
Prescription Drugs & Items				
<input type="checkbox"/> Prescription drugs—as required				
<input type="checkbox"/> Allergy / asthma				
<input type="checkbox"/> Cardiac & high blood pressure				
<input type="checkbox"/> Contact lenses and supplies				
<input type="checkbox"/> Dentures / replacement parts				
<input type="checkbox"/> Extra eye glasses or contacts				
<input type="checkbox"/> Insulin / supplies				
<input type="checkbox"/>				
<input type="checkbox"/>				
Non-Prescription Drugs				
<input type="checkbox"/> Aspirin / ASA				
<input type="checkbox"/> Neosporin® ointment				
<input type="checkbox"/> Anti-diarrhea medication				
<input type="checkbox"/> Antacid				
<input type="checkbox"/> Emetic (to induce vomiting)				
<input type="checkbox"/> Insect repellent / ammonia (for insect bites)				
<input type="checkbox"/> Laxative				
<input type="checkbox"/>				
<input type="checkbox"/>				
Special Needs Items				
This listing is for those with special needs: infants, children, adults, elderly, & disabled.				
<input type="checkbox"/>				
<input type="checkbox"/>				
<input type="checkbox"/>				
<input type="checkbox"/>				
Infants				
<input type="checkbox"/> Formula / powdered milk / juices				
<input type="checkbox"/> Baby foods				
<input type="checkbox"/> Diapers				
<input type="checkbox"/> Bottles / nipples				
<input type="checkbox"/> Prescription Medications				
<input type="checkbox"/>				
Children				
<input type="checkbox"/> Prescription Medications				
<input type="checkbox"/> Glasses / contact lenses / supplies				
<input type="checkbox"/> Dental care supplies				
<input type="checkbox"/> Grooming supplies				
<input type="checkbox"/>				
<input type="checkbox"/>				
Adults				
<input type="checkbox"/> Cane / walker / prosthetic device				
<input type="checkbox"/> Glasses / contacts / supplies / replacements				
<input type="checkbox"/> Dental care needs				
<input type="checkbox"/> Health support equipment				
<input type="checkbox"/> Sunglasses				
<input type="checkbox"/> Grooming supplies				
<input type="checkbox"/>				
<input type="checkbox"/>				
Pleasure & Entertainment				
<input type="checkbox"/> Radio AM-FM / batteries				
<input type="checkbox"/> Children's games / toys / books				
<input type="checkbox"/> Adult books / games / puzzles				
<input type="checkbox"/> Battery-operated games / toys				
<input type="checkbox"/> Food / treats & snacks / fruit roll-ups				
<input type="checkbox"/> Tape/CD/DVD player / media / batteries				
<input type="checkbox"/>				
<input type="checkbox"/>				

Notes

Category 4—Personal Care Items List (Cont.)

Important Family Documents

Keep all records in a waterproof, portable container with adequate desiccant for protection.

Originals of these items should always be stored in a safe deposit box—keep only copies in your home storage container.

<input type="checkbox"/> Computer back-up devices (flash drive, etc)				
<input type="checkbox"/> Cell phone				
<input type="checkbox"/> IPod				
<input type="checkbox"/> Bank account numbers				
<input type="checkbox"/> Bible / other spiritual materials				
<input type="checkbox"/> Credit card account numbers & companies				
<input type="checkbox"/> Family records: birth, adoption, marriage				
<input type="checkbox"/> Inventory / valuable household goods				
<input type="checkbox"/> Passport, SS card, & immunization records				
<input type="checkbox"/> Copies: Will, insurance, contracts, deeds, securities				
<input type="checkbox"/> Important telephone numbers list				
<input type="checkbox"/>				
<input type="checkbox"/>				
<input type="checkbox"/>				

Clothing & Bedding

<input type="checkbox"/> Blankets / sleeping bag				
<input type="checkbox"/> Rain gear / rubber shoes				
<input type="checkbox"/> Sturdy shoes / work boots / hiking				
<input type="checkbox"/> Complete change of clothing				
<input type="checkbox"/> Poncho / folding plastic				
<input type="checkbox"/> Blanket / thermal				
<input type="checkbox"/> Hat / gloves / ear muffs / scarf / bandana				
<input type="checkbox"/> Hot weather clothing / protective gear				
<input type="checkbox"/> Thermal underwear / cold-weather gear				
<input type="checkbox"/>				
<input type="checkbox"/>				

Category 5—Utensils, Tools, and Emergency Supplies List

<input type="checkbox"/> Toilet paper / bio-degradable detergent				
<input type="checkbox"/> Matches / waterproof container				
<input type="checkbox"/> Pocket knife / utility				
<input type="checkbox"/> Mess kit / cooking gear / eating utensils				
<input type="checkbox"/> Stove & fuel				
<input type="checkbox"/> Flashlight / extra batteries				
<input type="checkbox"/> Radio, AM-FM-SW-Weather / batteries / crank				
<input type="checkbox"/> Aluminum foil				
<input type="checkbox"/> Axe / hatchet / camp				
<input type="checkbox"/> Bags / leaf & lawn				
<input type="checkbox"/> Can opener/ non-electric				
<input type="checkbox"/> Chlorine bleach @ 5.25% (w/o scent)				
<input type="checkbox"/> Disinfectant / chemical / lime powder				
<input type="checkbox"/> Dust mask / work gloves				
<input type="checkbox"/> Feminine hygiene supplies				
<input type="checkbox"/> Fire extinguisher: ABC portable type				
<input type="checkbox"/> Fishing gear / rod / reel / lures / bait digger				
<input type="checkbox"/> Folding steel shovel (to dig latrine, etc.)				
<input type="checkbox"/> Heater / tent / space				
<input type="checkbox"/> Lantern / fuel / light sticks / signal flares				
<input type="checkbox"/> Maps—waterproofed / compass				
<input type="checkbox"/> Needles / thread				
<input type="checkbox"/> Pack for carrying items				
<input type="checkbox"/> Paper / pencil				
<input type="checkbox"/>				

WHY ONLY 72-HOUR EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS?

There is no intent in this document to discuss *all* the causes and solutions for emergencies and disasters. There are, however, numerous resources which can help you prepare for natural or people-caused disasters, or for any resultant personal disasters that might occur to you and your family. There is an additional listing of resources on the back page.

For all the minute details of 72-hour (or longer) emergency preparedness issues, there are a few books I suggest you read and utilize. One of the best overall books is **Barbara Salisbury's, "PLAN ...NOT PANIC, 72-Hour Survival/Emergency Evacuation."**¹ She also has a newer book, *Preparedness Principles*, with some additional excellent ideas. *Preparedness Principles* is a big, comprehensive volume of work about preparedness.

Barbara—whom I've known since 1972 and respected some time before then—defines an evacuation as *a localized occurrence which forces residents from their homes on a moment's notice*. It only takes being forced from your home one time to convince the wise person of the need for an emergency kit that is prepared in advance *and* available for use when needed. In her book, originally published in May 1994, she provides step-by-step instructions—missing from most other emergency/disasters publications—for the preparation of a personalized 72-hour kit. As I read her book cover to cover, I'll remark on some things she points out that are critical for each of us to know:

- ❑ It's a fact of life that sooner or later you may have to be evacuated from your home!
- ❑ Panic takes over if practical preparation has been ignored.
- ❑ **Lag-Time**²—not the disaster—is the reason for a 72-hour kit! This is probably the least understood point in this facet of emergency preparedness.
- ❑ **Lag-Time** is the *villain* of most evacuations. It is imperative to understand its impact on all facets of preparation for an evacuation.
- ❑ The more severe the disaster, the greater the corresponding impact of **Lag-Time**.
- ❑ **Lag-Time** is why you can't rely on the government or emergency disaster organizations to come to your aid immediately.
- ❑ When individuals are prepared to take care of themselves, they have greater security.
- ❑ Properly prepared persons are a tremendous help for those who eventually arrive to assist and support in disaster situations.

According to Barbara, the critical parameters of a well-planned and well thought-out 72-hour evacuation and survival plan are:

- ❑ ***Understanding the two categories of emergency preparedness and how it affects not only your preparation, but also your ultimate survival.***
- ❑ ***Using a Neighborhood Evaluation Form to determine if there is a potential evacuation lurking in your future.***
- ❑ ***Creating a 72-hour kit economically to meet your personal needs.***
- ❑ ***Including more than three "energy bars" and a flashlight in your 72-hour kit!***
- ❑ ***Knowing why the right kinds of foods are vital in an emergency situation—and are very different from those typically kept on the emergency shelf.***
- ❑ ***Having an emergency water supply is essential.***
- ❑ ***Designing your own "security blanket."***

¹ Barbara Salisbury is a nationally recognized consumer specialist, author, and lecturer. Among the many credits of this author is her book ***Plan...Not Panic—The 72 Hour Survival/Emergency Evacuation Manual***. The information in her latest book has been the basis for workshops and seminars presented throughout the nation to groups including The American Red Cross, University Special Courses, corporate "Brown Bag" lunch workshops, Adult Continuing Education Programs, civic groups, clubs, churches, service, and professional groups. As a frequent guest on the radio and television talk show circuit, she has appeared on the *Phil Donahue Show*, Gary Collins' *Hour Magazine*, Sally Jesse Raphael's *Talk Show*, as a regular with Vicki Lawrence, and as Consumer Specialist on the *Great American Homemaker*.
Go to Barbara's website: <http://solutionsforpreparedness.com/preprinc> for more information about all her books and resources.

- ❑ *Establishing a "Care-In-A-Crisis" plan is critical to all of your family members.*
- ❑ *Knowing what you must do about shelter, heat, and warmth.*
- ❑ *Don't ignore the need for personal sanitation!*
- ❑ *Preparing properly with the exclusive Personal Planning Pages can make the difference between panic and the ability to cope with an emergency situation.*

Often in the aftermath of natural or people-caused disasters, everyone taught that as much as 3 days (72 hours) lapses between the actual occurrence of the emergency and the arrival or availability of competent help. After the experiences of *Hurricane Katrina* and other cataclysms such as the *Indonesian tsunami*, we no longer adhere to that expectation. Depending on the gross amount of damages, the extent of the disaster's footprint, and its geographic location, the response time for relief care of is extended to as much as 7-10 days before aid is organized and operating effectively.

There are two other friends who are authors and specialists with solid information and expertise on the subject of preparedness. One of them is **Rita Bingham**, a preparedness issues author and natural meals specialist. Preview her preparedness book, [The New Passport To Survival—12 Steps to Self-Sufficient Living](#). Rita is also a long-time acquaintance, and her specialty lies in her knowledge of nutrition and natural foods. Her books are available on her website:

<http://www.naturalmeals.com/passportnew.html>.

Another friend and expert is **LeArta Moulton**, author, and food storage specialist. LeArta has 30 years of extensive research on using whole foods, herbs, home remedies, and survival techniques. Go to her website to download natural and herbal information:

<http://www.livingwithbasics.com/foodstorage.html>

You alone may be responsible for the provision of adequate food, water, shelter, etc., for your very survival during the period of time it takes for the arrival of the emergency and disaster relief organizations!

***E/PAK* — SOME ESSENTIAL GUIDELINES**

To provide you and your family maximum protection in case of an emergency, your *E/PAK*—whether for 72 hours or for several weeks—should meet these minimum requirements:

- **Accessibility** — Keep your kit in sight near a strong exit doorway, where you can grab it on the way out. Don't hide your kit or place it where it might get covered.
- **Completeness** — Check your kit regularly to assure yourself everything your family needs for three days' survival—or longer—is in the kit and ready for use.
- **Individuality** — Everyone in the family must have a backpack or portable system! You may not be together from the outset, or you could become separated by events.
- **Personalization** — Use the lists in this book to check and re-check what you may need. Commercial and generic kits—even long supply lists—can't presume to provide completely for the unique needs of you and your family. Any kit you fail to design for your personal needs will just be someone else's opinion of your needs. With experience, you will learn to make content adjustments to meet your changing needs.
- **Portability** — Keep all kits light enough it can be carried without undue strain on your body—it may be useless if it can't be carried by its intended user. Keep all kits tightly packed and as light as possible.
- **Rotation** — Rotate food, water, batteries, and medications frequently, at least every 3 to 6 months, to keep all *use by* dates current. More frequent rotation for items stored in temperatures exceeding 70°F would be prudent. Check all clothing articles frequently to assure continuing fit.
- **Utilization** — Make sure you can operate or effectively use all items in your *E/PAK*. Always buy the best quality you can afford—your life could depend on what you have in your kit! Don't weigh down your kit with stuff!
- **Versatility** — Assure your kit contains supplies for an emergency *staycation* as well as for evacuation. You might not be able to evacuate.

- **Waterproof** — Place all items inside individual freezer-quality Ziploc® or similar waterproof plastic bags. Protect all contents from water—whether humidity or floodwaters!

TO LEAVE?... OR NOT TO LEAVE?... THAT IS THE QUESTION!

Hopefully, most of you won't ever need your *E/PAK*. However, being prepared for such an eventuality is good to ease the mind. My personal desire is that I'll never need my *E/PAK* for any emergency. Yet, it will always be in a special location in my home near a protected exit, filled with all the things I'd need for "*hunkering down*" when a natural disaster, such as a wind, ice, or snowstorm, or a people-caused disaster causes a power outage.

Notes

Your best family emergency network is the cell phone!

Lots of people tell me they plan to "*bug out*." Personally, I plan to stay at home unless a life-threatening disaster requires my departure. There is no place I want to go—except maybe to an expensive hotel. However, with my personal 72-hour kit, I could even endure a public shelter, if necessary. I've spent a weekend in a church recreation hall during an ice storm with several other families—it wasn't too bad, except for the lack of privacy. I've also spent a few days at my parents' home during several power outages—with all the kids, grandkids, and their collective dogs.

But heading for the unfamiliar hills, living in the wilderness fraught with unknown dangers, chasing wild animals with switches, fending off others in a similar plight to mine—all the while trying to maintain an urban lifestyle does not seem a good option to me. The very thought of getting on the freeway or city streets during or following a disaster, competing for space with all those folks carrying handguns (even if they do have permits) and other nefarious weapons, is just a little frightening. On the streets I know I cannot defend myself adequately. At home, I can maintain my independence as long as I have my personal provisions to sustain me until the crisis period is past.

My personal plans in the case of a local disaster—such as an electrical failure—are to make the best of a bad situation, enjoy the intervention in my normally extra-long, tiring workday, and spend it with my wife (and the dog) in the ensuing peace and quiet—hoping the electricity will return—but not too soon!. It would be a moment to take a long nap, pull out the iPod, pop the top of a can of sardines, get out the comfort foods and enjoy a belated vacation—savoring the quiet, and listening to all those short-wave radio programs I've been wanting to listen to for ages...

BUT, IF YOU MUST LEAVE...

However, if you must leave home unexpectedly (perhaps like those in California who had to evacuate due to wildfires), be sure to have the following information ready to go with you:

- daily contact details for family members
- local reunion points
- out of area contacts
- pertinent family operating data

Chart 3 (following section) is a series of charts for accumulating critical post-emergency and disaster information. Completing the charts provides you the opportunity to record what everyone in the family—and perhaps, emergency personnel—would need concerning the daily whereabouts of each family member and how they can be contacted.

It might be appropriate to keep the less confidential information on the family bulletin board (in our house it's the refrigerator door!), a copy in each *E/PAK*, and a copy in your wallet. It would be wise to send a copy to a trusted friend or relative, your attorney, CPA, or parents. Remember to update this information with all members of the family or group as contact numbers and locations change.

Keep in mind that during times of natural or people-caused disasters, local telephone service is often disrupted. Therefore, each member of the household should have a cell phone, with the name, phone number, and address of a person designated as an *out-of-area contact*. (**Note:** long distance lines and cell phones may remain active during emergencies. These services will normally be restored before residential lines. If separated, each family member should call the designated out-of-area contact and communicate his particular situation within a certain period of time, reporting his physical condition, his location, and other information as previously agreed upon. Keep adequate change in your *E/PAK* for making pay phone calls—if you can still find one! Small change will buy small items—if they are available.

Never show large bills!

Chart 3
Emergency Contact Information

My Name:			
My Address:	Street No. / Apt. #		
	City / State / Zip		
My Telephone(s)	Home: ()	Work: ()	

Daily Contact Information for My Family Members:				
Family Member Name	Daytime Location	Daytime Phone Number	Evening Location	Evening Phone Number
Father				
Mother				
Child				
Child				
Child				
Child				
Child				
Child				
Child				
Child				
Child				
Other				
Other				

Out-of-Area Contacts	
Name	
Phone #	()
Address	
Name	
Phone #	()
Address	

Additionally, determine two alternate locations for family members to reunite if it is unsafe to return home or to the neighborhood. One location should be just outside your home and the other away from the neighborhood. Use **Chart 3** to put this information in writing for all family members.

Chart 4
Emergency Contact Information

My Name:				
My Address:	Street No. / Apt. #			
	City / State / Zip			
My Telephone(s)		Home: ()	Work: ()	
Daily Contact Information for My Family Members:				
Family Member Name	Daytime Location	Daytime Phone Number	Evening Location	Evening Phone Number
Father				
Mother				
Child				
Child				
Child				
Child				
Child				
Child				
Child				
Child				
Child				
Other				
Other				

Chart 5
Out-of-Area Contacts

Name	
Phone #	()
Address	
Name	
Phone #	()
Address	

Note: Additionally, determine two alternate locations for family members to reunite if it is unsafe to return home or to the neighborhood. One location should be just outside your home and the other away from the neighborhood. Use **Chart 4-3** to put this information in writing for all family members.

Chart 6
Emergency Reunion Information

Neighborhood Reunion Location	
In case of fire or any condition requiring immediate escape from our home, go to the following agreed-upon nearby location as soon as practical and await the other family members.	
Place to meet:	
Phone #	
Address	
Alternative:	
Phone #	
Address	
Out-of-Neighborhood Location	
In case it is not possible to return home due to imminent danger in our neighborhood area, go to the following agreed-upon location and await the other family members.	
Place to meet:	
Phone #	
Address	
Alternative:	
Phone #	
Address	

Also, consider keeping a summary of pertinent family operating information available in your *E/PAK* and wallet. What identification numbers etc., would be helpful should you have to leave home without notice? Use **Chart 4** to record the information significant to your family.

Chart 7
Confidential Family Information

Item	Number or Account	Company Name	Telephone	Online Access
Health insurance	Policy #			
Bank account	Account #			
Life insurance	Policy #			
Identification Card	Issued by:			
Credit card	Account #			
Credit card	Account #			
Phone card	Account #			
Social Security	SS #			
Birth date / certificate				
Driver's license	State #			
Auto insurance	Policy #			
Homeowner/Renter Ins.	Policy #			

EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS BEGINS AT HOME

Notes

Summarizing all that is written in this advisory, there are some thoughts every head of household should remember:

- Responsibility begins in your own home. Each parent is responsible for protecting himself, his family, and his property to the best of his ability and capability.
- Preparedness demands detail planning and preparing personal and family resources to be able to:
 - (1) Respond to emergencies or disasters,
 - (2) Mitigate the effects of emergencies and disasters, and
 - (3) Recover from natural and people-caused emergencies and disasters that often become our personal disasters.
- Your *preparedness level* should exceed your *risk level* of the expected and unexpected emergencies or disasters in your particular geographic location.
- Being prepared requires learning about potential disasters and emergencies, knowing first aid, CPR, and other life-saving skills.
- Adaptability and independence are critical qualities to develop in one's preparedness efforts.
- Unfortunately, self-reliance skills are not taught in public schools. Home-schooled children have the advantage in this category. Usually self-reliance skills are learned at the hands of a tough taskmaster—bad experience!
- There is no easy, quick-and-dirty, low- or no-cost way to become self-reliant. It requires work—truly meaningful effort in self-education, and often a demands a large measure of self-denial.
- Utilize all the knowledge you can gain to prepare for the disasters which could cause you and your family more than loss of your car, your property, or your crops.

When designing your personal or family's *E/PAK*, remember this essential preparedness pointer:

There are no emergencies for those who are truly prepared!

